JC20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 4 AUG 2001

FORM PTO-1390 (REV 11-2000)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		FICE ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 36-1470						
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5)										
			TED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) ING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09 <sub>1</sub> / <sub>nk</sub> 9 <sub>1</sub> 4262						
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB00/01052			INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 21 March 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 24 March 1999						
TITLE OF INVENTION  HANDWRITING RECOGNITION SYSTEM										
APPLICA	ANT(S) F	FOR DO/EO/US	MILNER							
Applican	t herewit	th submits to the Unite	ed States Designated/Elected Office (D	O/EO/US) the following items and other information:						
1. 🛛	This is	a <b>FIRST</b> submission	of items concerning a filing under 35 t	J.S.C. 371.						
2.	This is	a SECOND or SUBS	EQUENT submission of items concer	ning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
3. 🖾		This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.								
4. 🛛	The U	.S. has been elected	by the expiration of 19 months from the	e priority date (Article 31).						
5. A c	copy of th	ne International Applic	ation as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).							
a.	⊠ i	s attached hereto (rec	uired only if not communicated by the	International Bureau).						
g•þ.	⊠ r	nas been communicat	ed by the International Bureau.							
Ç.	□ i	s not required, as the	pplication was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).							
6.	An En	iglish language transla	ation of the International Application as	filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).						
-a.	a. 🔲 is attached hereto.									
ŗb.	□ i	nas been previously s	ubmitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).							
7. 0	Amen	dments to the claims	of the International Application under F	PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))						
Ty <sub>a</sub> .		are attached hereto (re	equired only if not communicated by the	e International Bureau).						
į-p.		nave been communica	ated by the International Bureau.							
ÇC.		nave not been made;	however, the time limit for making sucl	amendments has <b>NOT</b> expired.						
d.		nave not been made a	and will not be made.							
8. An English language translation of the amendme			ation of the amendments to the claims	under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).						
9.	An oa	th or declaration of the	e inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).							
10.		lish language translat Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 3		Preliminary Examination Report under PCT						
Ite	ms 11 T	o 20 below concern	document(s) or information include	d:						
11. 🗆			Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.							
12. 🛚	An as	signment document for	or recording. A separate cover sheet i	n compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3,28 and 3.31 is included.						
13. 🛚	A FIR	ST preliminary amend	dment.							
14.	A SEC	COND or SUBSEQUE	NT preliminary amendment.							
15. 🗆	A sub	stitute specification.								
16. 🗆										
17. 🗆	A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821-1.8									
18.	B. A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).									
19. A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).										
20. 🛛	Other	items or information.	PTO-1449 and copy of International S	Search Report						

U.S. APPLICATION NO (If kno	IS. APPLICATION NO. II YOUNG. See 37 GEP, 1.5. INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB00/01052					ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 36-1470			
21.  The following fees are submitted:						CA	LCULATIONS	PTO	USE ONLY
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 C.F.R. 1.492(a)(1)-(5):									
Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) nor international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.485(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO\$1000.00									
International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPOS860.00									
- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$710.00									
International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)									
International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)\$100.00									
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =						\$	860.00		
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than \( \) 20 \( \) 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)).							\$ 0.00		
CLAIMS	NUMBER		NUMBER EXTRA	RAT					
Total Claims	4	-20 =	0		18.00	\$	0.00		
Independent Claims	2	-3 =	0		00.08		0.00	_	
MULTIPLE DEPENDEN	T CLAIMS(S) (	if applicabl		\$270.		\$	0.00	<u> </u>	
C			TOTAL OF AB		ATIONS =	\$	860.00	⊢	
Applicant claims sr are reduced by 1/2		s. See 37	CFR 1.27. The fees indica	ated above			0.00		
1 -					STOTAL =	\$	860.00		
Processing fee of \$130.0	0, for furnishin	g the Engl	ish Translation later than	20 🗌 30			0.00		
months from the earliest	claimed priorit	y date (37	C.F.R. 1.492(f)).	OTAL NATION	AL FEE =	\$	860.00	$\vdash$	
	closed assignn	nent (37 C.	F.R. 1.21(h)). The assignr						
			C.F.R. 3.28, 3.31). <b>\$40.00</b>		+	\$	40.00		
Fee for Petition to Revive	e Unintentiona	ly Abando	ned Application (\$1240.00			\$	0.00	_	
-G				TAL FEES EN	CLOSED =				
(ő						Amount to be: refunded \$			
fü						Charged \$			
ria ria							Onargea		
a  A check in the amount of \$900.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.  Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1140 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees.  A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed.  C.  The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 14-1140. A <u>duplicate</u> copy of this form is enclosed.  C.  The entire content of the foreign application(s), referred to in this application is/are hereby incorporated by reference in this application.									
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.									
SON									
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:									
NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.									
1100 North Glebe Road					$\sim$				
Arlington, Virginia 22201-4714 Telephone: (703) 816-4000 Larry S. Nixon									
Telephone: (703) 816-40	300			NAME					
25,640 REGISTRATION NUMB					FR	August 24 Date	, 200	)1	
				nedio I RA	THE NOWID		Date		

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

MILNER

Atty. Ref.: 36-1470

Serial No.

Unknown

Group:

National Phase of: International Filing Date: 21 March 2000

PCT/GB00/01052

Filed:

August 24, 2001

Examiner:

For:

HANDWRITING RECOGNITION SYSTEM

August 24, 2001

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

# PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Prior to calculation of the filing fee and in order to place the above identified application in better condition for examination, please amend the claims as follows:

# IN THE CLAIMS

Please substitute the following amended claims for corresponding claims previously presented. A copy of the amended claims showing current revisions is attached.

3. (Amended) A handwriting recognition system as claimed in claim 1, in which the sampling means, filtering means and classifier are implemented in a digital computer environment.

MILNER Serial No. Unknown

## REMARKS

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version with markings to show changes made."

The above amendments are made to place the claims in a more traditional format.

Respectfully submitted,

NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.

By:

Larry S. Nixon Reg. No. 25,640

LSN:imy

1100 North Glebe Road, 8th Floor Arlington, VA 22201-4714

Telephone: (703) 816-4000 Facsimile: (703) 816-4100

# **VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE**

3. (Amended) A handwriting recognition system as claimed in claim 1 [or claim2], in which the sampling means, filtering means and classifier are implemented in a digital computer environment.

20

5/pits

# 1 HANDWRITING RECOGNITION SYSTEM

The present invention relates to a handwriting recognition system and more particularly to a hardware and an algorithm for implementing such a system.

In PCT application number GB98/0316 (Publication No. WO99/22338) there is disclosed a portable computer in the form of a pen-type casing. Incorporated within the casing is at least one accelerometer which is used to detect movement of the pen with respect to its environment. By using the instrument for handwriting it is possible to effect data entry or transmission of signals reflecting movement, the user 10 using either a pen tip mounted switch or a finger operated switch to indicate that movement is effecting a written input.

There are many other pen-type input devices on the market in addition to stylus scroll pallets typically used in so-called palm top computers where handwriting recognition has been used. Such devices often require very precise movement which 15 may not reflect natural handwriting movements for the user. One of the problems which makes characteristic handwriting recognition difficult is that while the underlying movement made by an individual to represent a particular letter may be consistent an element reflecting user movements due to stress and other factors will be present.

According to the present invention there is provided a handwriting recognition system comprising means responsive to input analogue signals representative of movement of a handheld writing device, sampling means to provide signals representative of the acceleration of the writing device in at least x axis and v axis channels at a predetermined capture sampling rate, and filtering means to 25 remove dc level components and to provide smoothing of the output whereby signals representative of movement of the pen over a period are supplied to a classifier for comparison with a template representative of characters formed.

The classifier may use hidden Markov modelling (HMM) techniques using a large number of states to determine the character defined by movement. The system 30 may include an input indicative of a user's intention that the movement is representative of character writing.

According to a feature of the present there is provided a method of analysing signals from a moving handheld device, the method comprising sampling signals at a predetermined rate, passing signals through a bandpass filter to remove dc level and excess acceleration components, sampling the filtered output to provide a series of vectors representing the position of the handheld device at periodic intervals and using a classifier to compare the sample sets with predetermined templates to determine the character for output.

A handwriting recognition system in according with the invention will now be described by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawing of which:

Figure 1 is a block schematic diagram of the system:

10 Figure 2 shows relative positioning of the x and y axis of the handwriting device of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of the handheld writing device of Figure 1 in a particular position:

Figure 4 shows relative input and output vector streams from the system of  $15\,$  Figure 1; and

Figures 5 to 9 show comparative templates for a number of different letters.

Referring first to Figure 1, an input device 1 such as a stylus produces x and y vector streams 2 and 3 which are fed into a sampling unit 4. The outputs x and y are generally from accelerometers or other position sensing devices within the stylus 20 1. Also feeding the sampling unit 4 is an output 5 from a switch indicated here as being in the nib section of the stylus 1 such that contact between the switch 6 and a surface is indicative of the stylus being used in a writing mode. It will be appreciated that the nib switch 6 when incorporated in a non-surface contacting stylus, such as that disclosed in the previously referred PCT application, may be replaced by a user 25 operable switch.

The output of the sampling unit 4, which samples the incoming streams at 60 Hz for example, is passed to a bandpass filter arrangement 7 and thence to a down sampling unit 8 which produces digitised vectors x and y over a period of time. The x and y vectors are passed to a classifier 9, which uses a hidden Markov model to carry out a comparison between the vectors and templates representing written characters. The classifier 9 may be arranged to output to a visual display 10.

More specifically, the stylus 1 for example comprises a simple plastic casing containing the electronics for transferring information to a PC. Two accelerometers

mounted in the stylus, for example, are used to produced the x and y outputs. The nib switch is a simple on/off switch connected to determine when pressure is being applied to the pen nib and can therefore detect when a pen for stylus 1 is writing.

Turning briefly to Figure 2, the two accelerometers mounted in the top of the pen measure acceleration across their plane such that effectively they measure acceleration along the x axis 11 and the y axis 12 of the writing surface 14. The acceleration measured by the sensors is made up of two components, acceleration due to gravity and the acceleration as a result of stylus movement. It will be appreciated that the acceleration due to gravity is always present, such that when the pen is exactly horizontal both sensors would measure acceleration of 1g. As the angle of the pen to the horizontal changes (as shown for example in Figure 3), the accelerometers are subject to Sin θx1g where θ is the inclination angle of the stylus 1.

The other component, acceleration as a result of the pen moving is produced 15 by the acceleration and deceleration effect as the user writes.

The acceleration of the two sensors x<sub>total</sub> and y<sub>total</sub> can be expressed as

$$y_{total} = y_g + y_{movement}$$
 and  $x_{total} = x_g + x_{movement}$ 

20 The remaining items of Figure 1 are incorporated in a computer unit, for example a PC, and three signals, as previously indicated, 2, 3 and 5 being the two acceleration signals and binary signal from the pen switch are provided to the PC.

In one embodiment the two acceleration signals are read into a normal PC using an RS232 port and the binary switch signal by means of the games port of a 25 sound card.

The sampling section must sample sufficiently regularly to capture the movement of the pen but should not over-sample, which would result in a waste of processing and storage within the PC. It has been found satisfactory for the purposes of the current invention to sample at a rate of 60 Hz. The acceleration signals for each channel are read in as two byte words giving a dynamic range for each acceleration signal from 0 to 65535. The pen nib switch is similarly sampled at the same rate.

10

20

As previously mentioned, the accelerometer signals are partly dependent on a component of the earth's gravitation field passing through the accelerometer of the stylus 1. This results in an almost constant dc level present on the output corresponding to the average pen angle  $\theta$  while writing. The bandpass filter 7 is thus 5 arranged to filter the signals from the two accelerometers to remove the offsets. Additionally, the bandpass filter smoothes the output from the sensors thus correcting for instability introduced by the user so that the smoothed output from the sensors increases robustness and facilitates matching between the x and y vectors and stored templates.

Turning now to Figure 4, for each sample received on the PC from the accelerometers, the pen nib switch (or manually operable switch) indicates whether the stylus 1 was being used in a writing mode or not. The down sampling process 8 uses the information to down sample acceleration samples and to retain only those when it was known that the stylus 1 was writing. Thus, consider Figure 4, assuming 15 that the x axis and y axis vectors are as shown at 15 and 16, then the down sampling vectors need only be taken into account when the nib switch signal indicator 17 is high. This will reduce the number of samples significantly so that the output from the down sampling process is a time series of two dimensional vectors x and v as indicated at 18 and 19.

Having completed processing of the acceleration measurement from the stylus 1 the vector stream is passed to the classifier stage 9 which takes in a series of vectors representing the acceleration measurements made within a given word. These are then compared to a set of templates which cover the range of words within the system vocabulary and the word which matches most closely with the unknown 25 input word is deemed the recognised word. In this system the classifier is a hidden Markov model. Such models have been widely used in speech recognition and using a large number of states in the hidden Markov model will give the best performance for corresponding handwriting recognition.

The display 10, which displays the output from the PC allows display of a 30 word, for example, on a screen.

While the above handwriting recognition system is intended for use with a series of known words which, depending on the system vocabulary entered into the PC, may be a large number, it will be possible to use the same kind of system to 10

validate single character entry. Using single character recognition and using cursive entry it is still possible to build individual words which may not be present in the vocabulary. There may be a lower level of confidence in words created rather than template determined. However, over time, the vocabulary may be expanded where multiple entries of the same word have occurred such that higher confidence levels may be achieved.

A typical single accelerometer output can be seen respectively for the letters c, b, f and h in Figures 5 to 8. In each case the template developed here shows three entries on a single accelerometer for each of the letters.

In Figure 9, f, b, h and c are shown in comparison so that a suitable template for comparison may be derived. It will be appreciated that the combination of an x accelerometer trace and a y accelerometer trace will serve further to emphasise the difference between each input letter.

Bandpass filtering in digital form to remove dc components and high frequency components increases the reliability of the recognition process and therefore the reliability of the interpretation of the stylus input 1. It will be appreciated that where the stylus 1 carries other components, for example an internal processing arrangement, some of the functions may be transferred from the PC to the stylus 1. All of the components of sampling, bandpass filtering, down sampling and classifying can be implemented in a suitable computer program.

put.

#### CLAIMS

A handwriting recognition system comprising:

means responsive to input analogue signals representative of movement of a

5 handheld writing device;

sampling means to provide signals representative of the acceleration of the writing device in at least x axis and y axis channels at a predetermined capture sampling rate; and

filtering means to remove dc level components and to provide smoothing of

the output whereby signals representative of movement of the pen over a period are
supplied to a classifier for comparison with a template representative of characters
formed.

- A handwriting recognition system as claimed in claim 1, in which the
   classifier uses a hidden Markov model for comparison purposes.
  - A handwriting recognition system as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, in which
    the sampling means, filtering means and classifier are implemented in a digital
    computer environment.

20

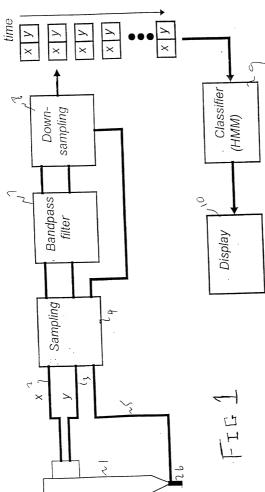
4. A method of analysing signals from a moving handheld device, the method comprising sampling signals at a predetermined rate, passing signals through a bandpass filter to remove dc level and excess acceleration components, sampling the filtered output to provide a series of vectors representing the position of the handheld device at periodic intervals and using a classifier to compare the sample sets with predetermined templates to determine the character for output.

# ABSTRACT HANDWRITING RECOGNITION SYSTEM

In order to improve the accuracy of recognition of hand-written input using a stylus (1), output signals from a plurality of accelerometers representing x and y axis acceleration and deceleration are sampled at a predetermined rate and passed through a digital bandpass filter (7) to remove high frequency components and dc components arising from gravity. x and y vectors derived from the original x and y input signals are passed to a classifier using a hidden Markov model. Bandpass filtering improves the robustness of the interpretation of the vectors against stored templates which may be templates of individual characterisations or of whole words.

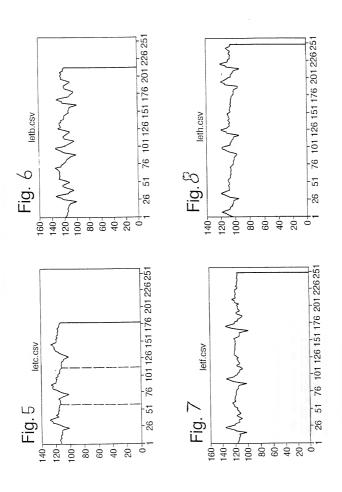
Figure 1

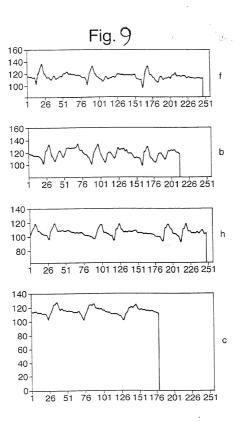
15



DODLEDO, DODLDI

HOTH MUNICIPALITY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE





#### A25731 USw

Nixon & Vanderhye P.C. (10/99) (Domestic Non-Assigned/Foreign)

# RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63) **DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY** FOR PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe As a below named inventor, i nereby declare that my residence, post office and a second declared that my residence, post office and sold inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

HANDWRITING RECOGNITION SYSTEM

	cification of which (check a	pplicable box(s)):							
	s attached hereto vas filed on		as U.S. Applicat	ion Serial No.			(Atty Dkt. No	o.	
□ v	vas nied on		ab c.c. / ppinamori coma						
⊠ v	vas filed as PCT Internation	nal application No.	PCT/GB ()	0/01052	on	21 March 2	2000		
and (if a	applicable to U.S. or PCT a	pplication) was amended on							
amendr 37 C.F. below a priority Priority	ment referred to above. I a R. 1.56. I hereby claim for and have also identified belo is claimed or, if no priority i Foreign Application(s): ation Number	and understand the contents cknowledge the duty to disclo- eign priority benefits under 35 ow any foreign application for s claimed, before the filing da	se information which U.S.C. 119/365 of a patent or inventor's	h is material to t any foreign appli certificate havin	ine pa icatio	atentability of this in(s) for patent or	inventor's certinat of the applic	ficate listed	
507				-antiontion(a) lie	atad I	holow			
I hereb	y claim the benefit under 35 ation Number	5 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United	Date/Month/Year F	application(s) is	Sieu	below.			
Applica	ation Number		Date/months roun i						
subject	matter of each of the claim	5 U.S.C. 120/365 of all prior U ns of this application is not dis ty to disclose material informa CT international filing date of t	closed in such prior tion as defined in 3	applications in 1	the m	nanner provided b	n the filing date	of the prior	
	J.S./PCT Application(s): ation Serial No.		Day/Month/Year F	iled				tatus: patented ing, abandoned	
DOT	/GB00/01052		21 March 20	00				PENDING	
be true impriso applica 8th Flo attorne in the I Vande Bryan Lastov Robert Michel	i; and further that these statoment, or both, under Section or any patent issued the or. Arington, VA 22201-4 yes thereof (of the same advatent and Trademark Offic rityle, 27075; James T. Hos H. Davidson, 3025; I stante, a, 33149; H. Warren Burna (a, Molan, 20034); B. J. Sake In V. Lester, 32331; Frank Vnumbers no longer with the organization sending instructions and the section of the section	te made herein of my own kinc tements were made with the tion 1001 of Title 18 of the Un- hereon. And on behalf of the vi- T19, telephone number (703 dress) individually and collect the connected therewith and with yer. C. Spooner. <u>2758</u> 5; Leonas way. C. Spooner. <u>2758</u> 5; Leonas J. Spooner. <u>2758</u> 5; Leonas J. Spooner. <u>2758</u> 5; Leonas G. Francis (1922). Joseph S. F. et limit and to at and rely sole clions to Nixon & Vanderhye o	incovedge that willfulied States Code an owner(s) hereof, I hi ) 816-4000 (to who vely owner's/owners the the resulting pate 431352; Richard G. 4352; Richard G. 4352; Mary J. V. 31; 34776; Updeep Seresta. 35329   also won instructions did to the state of the state	Il false statemen di false statemen di false statemen pereby appoint Milm all communi s' attorneys to problem Arthur R. Ce Besha, 22770; Neg; Duane M. By Wilson, 32955; J. Gilli, 37334; Milm authorize Nixorectly communici	nts ar ful fal IXON icatio rosec Crawfi Mark ers, 3 J. Sociichae n & V	nd the like so max se statements minus are to be directed by the same to be	ge are punistral that any jeopardize the E.P.C., 1100 No ected), and the on and to transs. S. Nixon, 2564 348; Michael J. Velson, 30481; Velson, 30481; Jaci the any attorney attorney attorney attorney attorney.	to be by lime of the evalidity of the evalidity of the evalidity of the ptollowing following following following the evaluation of the eva	
12	Inventor's Signature:	Ow.			AILNE		213	GB	
$\mathcal{O}$	Inventor:	BENJAMIN (first)	P MI		(last		(ci	tizenship)	
	Residence: (city)	NORWICH (413.W		_ (state/country	v) (	GREAT BRITAIN			
	Post Office Address:	16 ARMSTRONG ROAD,	THORPE ST AND	REW, NORWICH	H, N	ORFOLK			
	(Zip Code)	NR7 9LJ							
2.	Inventor's Signature:					Date: _			
	Inventor:	(EA)	MI		(last	١	(ci	itizenship)	
	Residence: (city)	(first)	IVII	(state/country		,	(6)		
	Post Office Address:			_ ,					
	(Zip Code)								

FOR ADDITIONAL INVENTORS, check box  $\ \square$  and attach sheet with same information and signature and date for each.